SCIENTIFIC MEETINGS

6th Balkan Botanical Congress, Rijeka, Croatia

The 6th Balkan Botanical Congress was held at the campus of the University of Rijeka, Croatia from 14th – 18th September 2015. It was coordinated by the Natural History Museum Rijeka, Croatian Botanical Society, Botanical Society of Slovenia and the University of Rijeka. This continued the tradition of holding regular Balkan botanical congresses of which the first was held in Thessaloniki, Greece (1997), Istanbul (2000), Sarajevo (2003), Sofia (2006) and the fifth in Belgrade (2009).

According to the printed Book of Abstracts, over 500 botanists representing 27 countries contributed their scientific findings; the actual number of participants pre-

senting their research at the congress (excluding accompanying persons) was much less. Nearly 50 lectures, including four plenary speeches, were presented and three poster sessions organized over the four working days. Many of the 157 posters submitted for acceptance in the various botanical disciplines (cryptogams, conservation, vegetation science, ethnobotany, alien taxa, floristics, systematics, etc.) were prepared by young scientists and graduate students. Two Round Table discussions took place, without concrete conclusions.

The Congress also commemorated the 200th anniversary of Josif Pančić's birth (b.1814-1888). Born in a small Croatian village not far from the Congress venue, Pančić later moved to Serbia and became one of the most eminent Balkan naturalists, famed for his work on the floras of Serbia, Montenegro and Bulgaria. His life and botanical heritage was presented in a plenary lecture by Prof. Vladimir Stevanović (Belgrade) who also opened a special virtual exhibition entitled 'Josif Pančić, The Everlasting Heritage' on the evening of 14 September at the Natural



Dr. Željka Modrić Surina, President of the Organising Committee, opening the Congress (photo V. Vladimirov).

History Museum, Rijeka. Three mid-congress excursions were offered, of which the most popular were the visits to the Croatian Northern Velebit National Park and the island of Krk. The Velebit excursion was a guided walk along part of the Premužić Trail which itself is an impressive 57 km route, designed to provide access to the most rugged parts of the Northen Velebit mountains.

All in all, the Congress was a successful, well-organized one and for this we sincerely thank the dedicated efforts of the various committees. The venue for the 7th Balkan Botanical Congress has not been announced at the time of writing.

Vladimir Vladimirov 1 & Kit Tan 2

- Department of Plant and Fungal Diversity and Resources, Institute of Biodiversity and Ecosystem Research, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Acad. Georgi Bonchev St., bl. 23, 1113 Sofia, Bulgaria
- ² Institute of Biology, University of Copenhagen, Øster Farimagsgade 2D, DK-1353 Copenhagen K, Denmark

402 Scientific meetings

South-East European countries strengthen cooperation to address invasive alien species issues!

Invasive alien species (IAS) have been increasingly becoming an issue of serious concern during the past two decades. Numerous binding and non-binding international documents and initiatives appeal for control of IAS introductions and spread, e.g. the Convention on Biological Diversity and the Convention on the Conservation of European Wildlife and Natural Habitats (Bern Convention). Recently, Regulation No. 1143/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council came into force and obliged the EU Memberstates to act to 'prevent, minimise and mitigate the adverse impact on biodiversity of the introduction and spread within the Union, both intentional and unintentional, of invasive alien species'. Furthermore, there have been recent efforts to consolidate IAS information into centralised European, regional and national databases. Networking and regional cooperation are of crucial importance for the management of invasive alien species. The East and South European Network for Invasive Alien Species (ESENIAS) was established with the aim to facilitate exchange of IAS information and collaboration in the East and South European countries.

A step forward in response to the IAS concerns in the region was the organisation of the 6th ESENIAS Workshop: East and South European Network for Invasive Alien Species – A tool to support the management of alien species in Bulgaria (ESENIASTOOLS); ESENIAS-TOOLS Kick-Off Meeting, on 26-28 October 2015, in Sofia, Bulgaria.

The workshop was organised by the Institute of Biodiversity and Ecosystem Research with the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences (IBER-BAS) and ESENIAS. It was supported by the Financial Mechanism of the European Economic Area 2009 – 2014, Programme 'BG03. Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services', under the ESENIAS-TOOLS project.

More than 80 experts from Bulgaria, Croatia, Greece, Iceland, Italy, Kosovo, R. Macedonia, Montenegro, Romania, Serbia, Turkey, and the United



Workshop participants in front of the building of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences (photo I. Boršić).

Kingdom took part in this event. The main goals of the workshop were: 1) to bring together researchers and policy makers from the South-East European countries and to strengthen cooperation for addressing IAS issues, e.g. establishment of a common IAS webportal and database in the region, as well as development of common data forms, protocols and methods for collecting data on IAS; and 2) to share information and experience from the current projects and activities carried out at national levels.

The ESENIAS-TOOLS project's goals and tasks, working plan, activities, and reporting requirements were presented during the first day of the workshop. Activities of the different Working Groups of the project were presented and discussed, including acceptance of common data forms, questionnaires and protocols, database structure, GIS-platform structure, database compatibility with the European Alien Species Information Network (EASIN), capacity building and raising of public awareness activities.

Reviews of the on-going activities related to IAS in the ESENIAS countries were presented in the second workshop day, which was open to a wider audience. The attendants of the meeting were welcomed by Assoc. Prof. Dr. Anna Ganeva, Director of IBER-BAS, Prof. DSc. Dimitar Ivanov, Scientific Secretary at the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Mr. Valeri Georgiev, National Nature Protection Service Directorate, Ministry of Environment and Water of Bulgaria, and Ms. Kremena Gocheva, Coordination on EU Affairs and International Cooperation Directorate, Ministry of Environment and Water of Bulgaria. Then, the establishment and recent activities of ESENIAS were presented by Teodora Trichkova, followed by presentation of the activities of EASIN (S. Katsanevakis), future networking opportunities within ESENIAS-TOOLS project (A. Uludag), and IAS country reports for Bulgaria (R. Tomov), Croatia (A. Duplić), Greece (A. Zenetos), Kosovo (Q. Maxhuni), R. Macedonia (B. Simovski), Montenegro (S. Hadžiablahović), Romania (D. Cogalniceanu), Serbia (M. Rat), Turkey (A. Uludag), and Italy (A. Inghilesi). Three case studies were also presented.

Some other case studies related to IAS in the ESENIAS region were presented during the third day of the workshop. Presentation of preliminary results and discussions continued per ESENIAS-TOOLS project's Working Groups.

This ESENIAS workshop was followed by a 2-day meeting 'Data collection, analysis, standardisation and harmonisation on alien terrestrial invertebrate species' of the ESENIAS-TOOLS project Working Group 5.

We firmly believe that the workshop contributed to strengthening of the cooperation among the South-East European countries to face the IAS challenges. We are grateful to all attendants for their efforts and active participation! For more information, please, visit: http://www.esenias.org.

Vladimir Vladimirov & Teodora Trichkova

Institute of Biodiversity and Ecosystem Research Bulgarian Academy of Sciences Sofia, Bulgaria